Cavity polaritons in lattices.

Jacqueline Bloch Laboratoire de photonique et de nanostructures (LPN), UPR20, Route de Nozay, 91460 MARCOUSSIS - France

At the frontier between non-linear optics and the physics of Bose Einstein condensation, semiconductor microcavities opened a new research field, both for fundamental studies of bosonic quantum fluids in a driven dissipative system, and for the development of new devices for all optical information processing.

Optical properties of semiconductor microcavities are governed by bosonic quasi-particles named cavity polaritons, which are light-matter mixed states. Cavity polaritons propagate like photons, but interact strongly with their environment via their matter component.

In this talk, I will review how semiconductor microcavities can be engineered into 1D and 2D lattices allowing implementing complex Hamiltonians and progressing toward quantum simulation. I will show how we could generate polaritons in a 1D quasi-periodic Fibonacci potential and reveal features characteristic for a fractal energy spectrum. Then I will present a 2D honeycomb lattice for polaritons, which allows direct imaging of Dirac cones and opens the way to the investigation of the hydrodynamics of Dirac polaritons. Finally 1D lattices sustaining a non-dispersive band or "flat band" will be presented: condensation in localized plaquette states is evidenced with very short extension of the spatial coherence.

All these examples highlight the great potential of semiconductor cavities as a new platform to investigate the physics of interacting bosons.

Spontaneous formation and optical manipulation of extended polariton condensates, E. Wertz, et al., Nat. Phys. 6, 860 (2010)

^[2] Fractal energy spectrum of a polariton gas in a Fibonacci quasi-periodic potential, D. Tanese et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 112, 146404 (2014)

 ^[3] Direct observation of Dirac cones and a flatband in a honeycomb lattice for polaritons, T. Jacquin et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 112, 116402 (2014)

^[4] Polariton condensation in the flat band of a 1D comb lattice, F. Baboux et al., under preparation